

10 January 2017

Mutsho

(A translation of weather in Tshivenda)

Weekly Weather Forecast



Weekly Outlook - 10 January 2017

Temperature

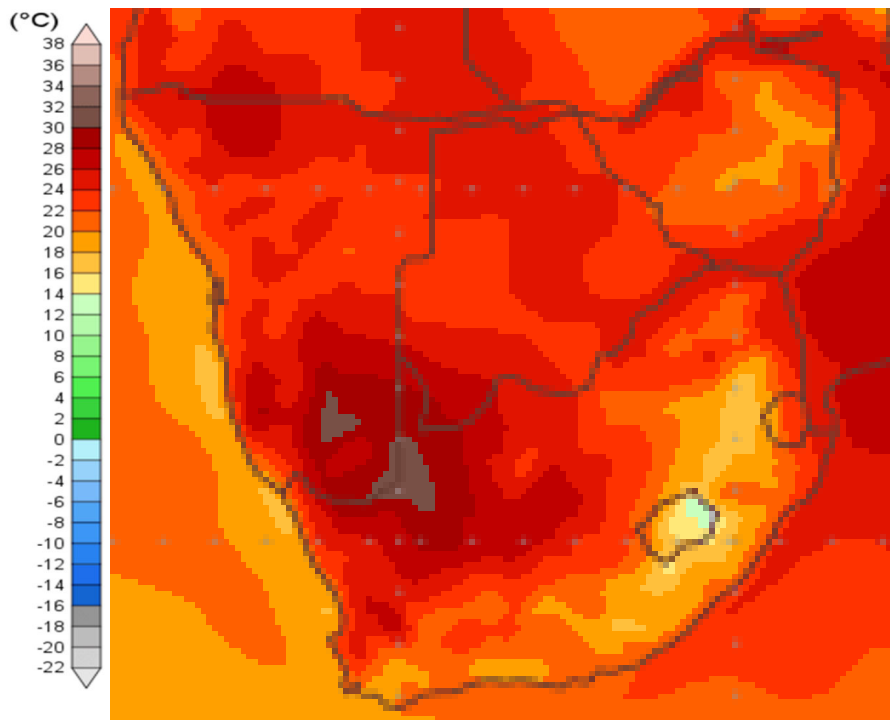


Figure 1: Mean surface temperature from Tuesday 10 January to Wednesday 18 January 2017.

Extremely hot conditions are expected for the coming week over most parts of the Northern Cape, with temperatures likely to reach 32°C. Average temperatures of below 20°C expected in Mpumalanga, the eastern Free State, western KZN and northern Eastern Cape. During this period, expected temperatures for the rest of South Africa will be around the 26°C mark.

Note:

Temperatures reflect daily average temperatures over an 8 day period.

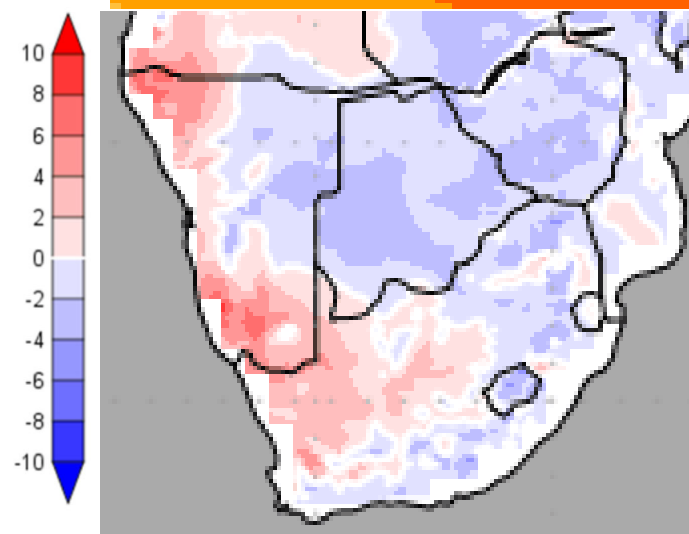


Figure 2: Temperature anomaly for Tuesday 10 January to Wednesday 18 January 2017.

Colder than normal temperatures are expected over many parts of the summer rainfall region. Temperatures in KZN and along the Eastern Cape coast will be normal for this time of year. Higher than normal temperatures are expected over most of the Northern Cape, northern Western Cape and the Southern Free State.

Temperature forecasts from the **National Centers for Environmental Prediction**. Normal Temperature derived from CRU monthly climatology for 1901 – 2000
Information from: <http://www.wxmaps.org/outlooks.php>

Credits:

1. The Center for Ocean-Land-Atmosphere Studies
2. George Mason University



Rainfall

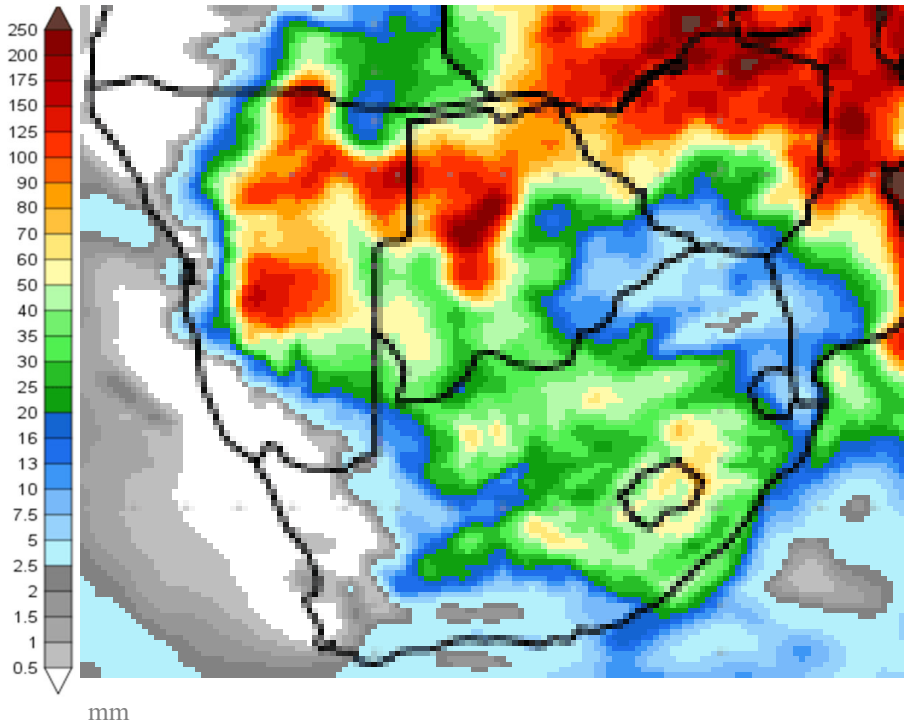


Figure 3: Precipitation for Tuesday 10 January to Wednesday 18 January 2017.

Rainfall is expected over large parts of South Africa during this week. The western parts of South Africa will remain dry with the highest amount of rainfall expected over the central parts of the country with up to 40 mm expected.

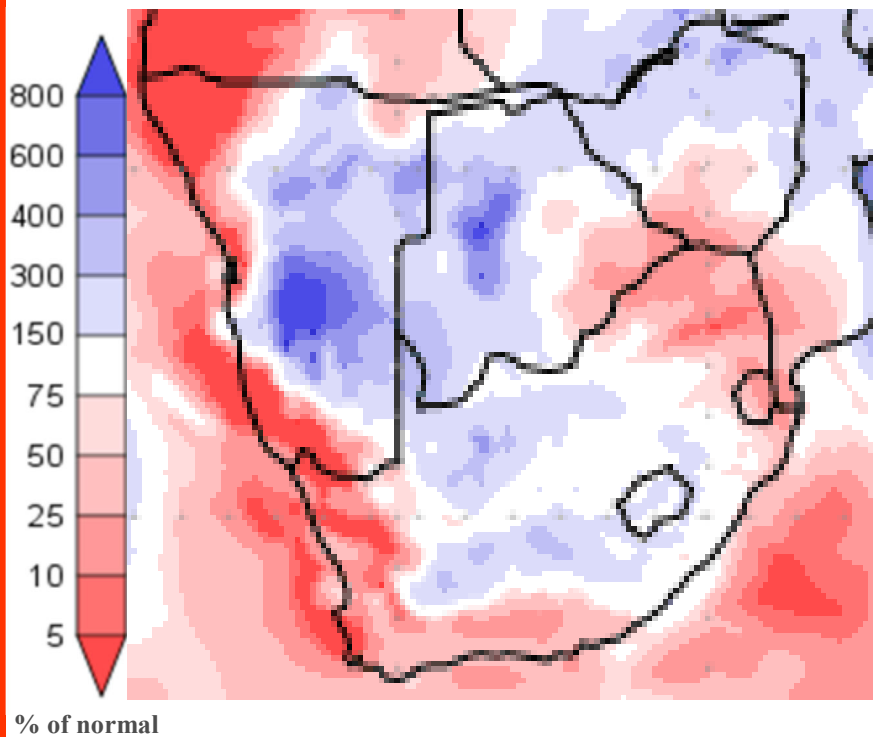


Figure 4: Precipitation (% of normal) for Tuesday 10 January to Wednesday 18 January 2017.

Normal to above normal rainfall is expected over the central regions of South Africa. Below-normal rainfall is expected over Limpopo and the southern coastline. The west coast of South Africa will remain dry.

Precipitation forecasts from the **National Centers for Environmental Prediction**.

Normal rainfall derived from CMAP monthly climatology for 1979 – 2003

Information from: <http://www.wxmaps.org/outlooks.php>

Credits:

1. The Center for Ocean-Land-Atmosphere Studies
2. George Mason University

Official Disclaimer: COLA makes no guarantees about and bears no responsibility or liability concerning the accuracy or timeliness of the images being published on these web pages. All images are generated by COLA and do not represent the actual forecasts issued by the National Weather Service. These products are not a substitute for official forecasts and are not guaranteed to be complete or timely. The underlying data are the direct product of the various operational forecast models run by the [National Centers for Environmental Prediction](#), [National Weather Service](#), [NOAA](#) and are presented without correction.

Monthly Climate Watch reports: <http://www.manstratais.co.za/climatewatch.aspx>

Manstrat Website: <http://www.manstratais.co.za/>

Twitter: <https://twitter.com/ManstratAIS> or follow @ManstratAIS

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/manstratais/>

